Yesterday was indeed a day of joyous celebration for untold millions. They say that in the flug bedecked streets of England people pranced merrily and shouted with newly found, full throated joy. Bands baared forth and banners waved in ecstasy. As by a sudden emancipation all of the pant up feelings of millions of people were free to sing again. And as the swelling chorus mounted to the heavens surely int the eyes of God it must have seemed as though manyouf the children of earth were behaving as children who greet the great out-of-doors of springtime, rollicking to and fro, the blazing sun gleaming in their faces and driving away the frigid winds and the gloomy shadows of winter. The long, dark, cold night of nearly six long years was over in England and France and Norway and many other places. Once again people could walk boldly in the city streets, breathing the pure, abundant, free air, and look defiantly, even wistfully into overarching sky of blue, fully efecting to see not screaming vultures of death, but the cheery songs of birds, the brisk whistling of the breezes, and the lazy, harmless drifting clouds across a sea of blue serenity. What a joy it must have been to take down the sandbags stacked before houses and shops and let in again the full light of day! How lustilt the English people must have sung "God save the King!"

And can we imagine with what tired joy these celebrants dropped their weary bodies into their beds last night, not fearing what the darkness might bring, sleeping sweetly and deeply for the first time in six years. Sleep could be beautiful for the people in London and Oslo and raris last night, for the thought of the morrow was not that of dread and terror; rather it was the hope that out of the shambles of shattered buildings and gutter streets a new city could be built, better than the old. Yes, after long nights of terror and toilsome days of despair, the joy in many hearts yesterday was full and satisfying.

There is something wonderful about the numan spirit which causes it to rejoice and be glad even when death and destruction have had their sway. It is unnatural for the human spirit to be low and lifeless; it is natural that the soul of man spread its wings in thrilling flight and fly joyously into new horizons.

There fore, no one would begrudge the glad celebration of these millions of liberated souls who raised the cry of joy. Though other millions of fellow beings are still clutchede Applied in the tightly in the cruel claws to war, no one would want to deny to these millions that gladness which has been bought at such a terrible price. Even here in amercia where our shores are unscathed and our cities unmolested there seemed to be justification for uninhibited expressions of gladness. But when this exultant wave has passed from our consciousness, and when we pegin to count the costs and check the living among the dead, and when we peer over the time rim of dusky horizons to see that the beast of war still stalks the earth, then, perhaps, our joy shall be sobered and our hearts in fuller realization shall be bowed to the earth in penitence.

throngs of people made their way into the church of all lands, or all colors, and of all creeds. School children on their way homes from school entered quietly into their churches and asked if they could kneel at the altars before Almighty God. Most people everywhere, even little children, seemed to sense the larger and deeper meaning which lay under the surgace of the outpoured joy. For deep wintin the heart of every human being who feels and thinks and knows, there was the awful realiation that the men of earth had done their very worst. On littered beaches, in isl leveled cities, and in devastated fields their lay the awful evidence that mankdind had systematically and scientifically vialated the deepest and the highest laws of life. And as the streaming joy or victory quiets downs and murmurs low, I have an idea that in the deepest recesses of the human hearts their flow the more persistent current of remorse and sname.

Thus it would seem appropriate that when even in the midst of our thankful joy we turn with broken and contrite hearts to God. Morbidity will not do in these days; but unless we human beings are sane enough and honest enough to confess our own stupidity and folly, and then somehow profit from having realized our own

from the muck and mire into which we have fallen. Certainly within the courts of juman judgment responsibility and guilt will have to be measured and assigned. It is to be expected that those adjudged to be guilty will repent and attempt to restore their faith and good will. But we must not let ourselves be deluded by thinking that we who are material and physical victors are without sin.

Long ago an English poet wrote these pungent words:

No man is an iland, intire of it selfe; every man is a peece of the Continent, a part of the maine; if a clod bee washed away by the Sea, Europe is the lesse, as well as if a Manor of they friends or of thine owne were; any man's death diminished me, because I am involved in mankinde; and therefore never send to know for whom the bell todls; it tolls for thee.

If it is true that we are all involved in mankind, then it is equally true that we share one another's sorrow and guilt. If we are involved in mankind, we may fight the evil that is in our neighbor, but that evil will always effect us and cause us grief simply because no man, and now no nation, is an island, intire of it selfe". We may attept to pluck that evil out, and after much blood and battle we may win through. We may rebuke our foe and discipline him with strict censure for having wrought desolation in the earth. But though we rebuke him and though we discipline him, even when we are right, his suffering in remorse and shame are our's too. It is hardly possible in this world to fight evil with evil without staining one's hands with the poison whose destruction was sought.

The other day I was #AAK talking with a young college graduate and we were speaking about the awful fact that many of our friends had had to shut off a part of their Christian conscience and learn to kill or be killed. I asked her if she could blame them for doing this, and she replied that she did not blame them, she blamed herself. Blamed herslef for living in this kind of a world where she could not contribute enough to its good so that such a ghastly business would not been necessary.

well, it is that kind of feeling which teaches us that the tolling bells of gloom and guilt toll for all of us. And out of a feeling like that grows the belief that even on V-E Day every understanding heart will turn with true repentance. And but with hearty faith to God.

It would seem to be almost impossible that any of us could turn away from the sight of this war and return unchanged to the same old type of living. It would seem wholly unfitting that any or us engage in a kind of riotious celebration which is oblivious to the civilization which is crushed and torn. It is unthinkable that any of us could be so callous ask to live on into the fifter future without a domewhet the charter and a more humble heart. One of the newspapers yesterday carried a cartton on its front page which showed a mother and a father on V-E Day bowing silently and humbly before a war marked grave, while in the background the vitory parade marches on. It is captioned:

Surely the mothers and fathers of the world who have seen their sonspay the supreme sacrifice and who have known something of the stinging grief of war, will be people broken and contrite in spirit before God. There are too many sons whose life blood has been shed in crimson fields and whose bodies now rest in peace on foreign soil.

When the magnitude of this world's worst wer has been measured, can their be any of

In this modern day we often poke fun at the religionist of old who insisted that a man could not be saved until he first repented of his sins. We had almost convinced ourselves that we stood in no need of repentance. But with the wails of sorrow, the cries of hunger, and the screams of tortured men filling the earth, we can be convinced of nothing but that our party civilization has failed. We knew better, for we were told by the prophets and Jesus and all of the wisemen of old. But well left it fail, and now the ghosts of all our failures haunt and plague.

us who do not join the great company of human souls whose foremost, choking feeling

is that of remorese and repentace? Yea, I think that those of us who really care

will not hide those feelings which lie beneath the surface of mementary nov.

But if the religionists of old were wise in their insistence on the necessity fo r

repentance, they also saw clearly that ff true repentance is the first step to and regeneration. And so on these days of victory and further victory approaching, repentance is the first step toward the overcoming of our evils and the establishing of the kind of a world in which we want to live.

On March 28 of this year the Christian Century contained these opening lines:

No winter since time began has known more suffering than has the seaon which is now ending. No springtime has ever brought less hope. Throughout most of the habitable earth mothers cry like kachel for thier sons, and will not be comforted, for their sons are dead or treading the dusty way to death. Fathers blinded by tears sift the ruins of their homes to find the bodies of their children. Man's inhumanity to man has done its worst. It has mounted to the heavens, toward which eyes were once lifted for mercy, and swept the world with fire and destruction. But when man has done his worst, he must still reckon with God. Once before we did our worst. On Calvary we crucified Jesus Christ. Then God did his best. On Easter he raised christ from the dead, to become the first fruits of them that slept." and with those words we can see that the God of this universe has not left us alone in our desolation. We have done our worst/ G od will do his best. But I feel quite sure that God will do his best only when we human children confess before him the awful shame of our misdoings. For when we lay our hearts bear before the Almighty we have then placed ourselves in the hands of the great Potter who can hold/11/1/ take up the broken fragments and mold lite into a new pattern. We shall fail if we try to mold our new world out of the patterns of the old. Now in our poverty only the Sovereign God of the Universie candbring forth a new world that is worth living in, because his patterns are forever new, and only he can breathe his life into them. And our God our help in ages past, our hope in years to come, can help us only when we show him that we are ready. Therefore in them midst of these smoking ruins let us have our celebration; let us thrill to the realization that one phase of the strike struggle is finished; but let us sense beacath it all the terrible price we have paid, and let us resolve before Almighty God that we shall stive to bind up the wound of our world, feed the ph/ hungry, go to them who are sick, historial photorial photor

## Let us pray:

Our Father God, in the quiet beauty of this new dawn, we lift our hearts to Thee with a fervent prayer that Thou wilt visit with Thy mercy all of those places of earth laid waste by war. In this radiant springtime may Thy tree of life spread its branches abroad, embracing all of the men of earth, and may its leaves now blooming be for the healing of the nations. All of this we ask in humility and repentance,

amen.